FOR NEET 2024 ADMISSION GUIDANCE CALL 0124 - 44 44 360

CAREERS360

JUNE 2024

₹ 60

www.careers360.com



Teachers 're-learn' how to teach

How IITs are embracing liberal arts

Is liberal arts only for the elite?

An 'artsy' touch to MBA courses

An introduction, through summer schools

Indian and go institutes

DEANS AND VCs OF TOP UNIVERSITIES SPEAK



Institute	University/	Programme name	Subject combination major/minor/electives	UG/PG	Duration	Complete fee	Eligibility with subjects and marks	Entrance examination
Haryana	College type					(approx in lakh)		
OP Jindal Global				THE RESERVE THE RE				Online entrance test or JSAT/SAT/ACT
University, Sonipat	University	BA (Hons)	Sociology	UG	4 years	12.00	10+2	valid CUET Scores
		BA	English/Psychology/Liberal Arts	UG	3 years	3.90	10+2 with English compulsory subject	NA
Shree Guru Gobind Singh Tricentenary	University	BSc/MSc	Psychology/Clinical/Counselling/Forensic	PG	2 years	2.60	BSc or BA in Psychology with a minimum 55% marks in aggregate	NA .
University, Gurgaon		MA	English	PG	2 years	2.00	Bachelor's degree in any stream with 55% marks	NA
The NorthCap		BA (Hons)	Economics/Psychology/English	UG	3 years	4.02	10+2	NA
University, Gurgaon	University	MA	English/Psychology	PG	2 years	3.10	Graduation with 50% aggregate score from recognised university	NA
World University Of Design, Sonipat	University	BA (Hons)	Built Environment & Habitat Studies	UG	3 years	5.04	10+2 with 50%	Aptitude test
Himachal Pradesh		Barrier State of the State of t	The second secon	Project Control	AV. His		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Arni University, Kangra		BA	English	UG	3 years	0.64	10+2	AU CET
	University	MA	English/Economics/Psychology/History/Philosophy/ Sociology/Media Studies	PG	2 years	0.53	Bachelor's degree with English/Eco- nomics/Psychology with a minimum of 50% aggregate	AU CET
		BA/MA	Journalism and Mass Communication	UG/PG	3/2 years	1.00	Bachelor's degree with English/Eco- nomics/Psychology with a minimum of 50% aggregate 10+2 BA/BSc with English as one of the compulsory subjects with 50% marks 10+2	AU CET
Eternal University,		BA/BSc	Liberal Arts/Psychology/Library Science	UG	3 years	1.73	10+2	NA
Rajgarh	University	MA	Psychology/English/Punjabi/Education	PG	2 years	1.00		NA
ICFAI University, Solan	University	BA	Humanities/English	UG	3 years	0.75	10+2	NA
		BA (Hons)	English/History/Political Science/Economics	UG	3 years	3.75	10+2	CUET/SAT
Shoolini University, Solan	University	MA	English/Political Science	PG 2 years 2.10		2.10	Graduation in any discipline with English as one of the subjects and minimum 55% marks	NA
Karnataka				The second second		1400		Section States Visit
		BA	English/Economics/Philosophy/Political Science/Sociology	UG	4 years	14.00	10+2 with 50%	NA
Alliance University, Bengaluru	University	MA	English/Economics	PG	2 years	4.00	Bachelor's degree with a minimum of 50% marks aggregate with English as a compulsory subject	NA
		BSc (Hons)	Psychology/Economics/Journalism/Public Policy/Public Administration/Politics and Governance	UG	4 years	14.28	10+2	
Azim Premji	11-1	BA (Hons)	Economics/History/English/Philosophy/Social Science	UG	4 years	12.00	10+2	NET
niversity, Bengaluru	University	BA (Hons)	Philosophy, Politics, Economics	UG	4 years	12.00	10+2	NET
Chanakya University, Bengaluru		BA (Hons)	International Relations/Media Studies/Political Science/ Psychology/Literary and Cultural Studies/Economics	UG	4 years	3.85	55% and above in 10+2 conducted by a recognised authority	NA
	University	BA	Liberal Studies	UG	4 years	3.85	10+2 with 55% and above	
		MA	Applied Economics/Cultural Studies/Strategic Studies	PG	2 years	1.85	Bachelor's degree in any discipline with 55% marks.	NA NA

and public universities find very hard to implement - will enhance access to quality interdisciplinary education, teachers believe.

Liberal arts in India

In India, liberal arts education is mainly offered by private universities and at a very high fee. The liberal education system offers flexibility and options to students to choose from multiple disciplines according

to their own interests.

Prithvi Datta Chandra Shobhi, dean, School of Interwoven Arts and Sciences (SIAS), Krea University, Sricity explained that liberal arts typically is an approach that is followed in American universities and that model has been indigenised and adapted to the Indian context by some elite private universities.

"By studying liberal arts, you get a very thorough training in a particular discipline, become good thinkers, understand what's going on in the world

and intervene in ways that make the world a better place. So this is a critical sensibility, a constructed sensibility that education offers in a liberal arts curriculum," he said.

Divya Balan, assistant professor in international studies at FLAME University, Pune, said, "The concepts of interdisciplinarity, multidisciplinarity, and transdisciplinarity have always existed in the Indian education system. However, these ideas are truly implemented in a liberal education setup, where students can transcend the boundaries of different disciplines."

Faculties at the private universities believe that liberal arts education in India is slowly becoming more mainstream.

Ravi Chakraborty, director of communication for liberal arts at Alliance University, Bengaluru, stated, "Liberal arts was initially a place for the elite. Many middle-class parents still prefer conventional choices like engineering or business. However, mindsets are gradually changing."

That said, teachers still have to explain how a liberal

arts programme is different from a standard BA. "We have to convince them about the values and prospects of the courses. Now, parents and students ask us about placement opportunities after pursuing BA (Hons) liberal arts," said Ashita Chadha, director, University Institute of Liberal Arts and Humanities (UILAH) at Chandigarh University.

"Liberal arts programmes can play in enriching the lives of the students," added Priya Nair, dean, School of Liberal Arts and Sciences, RV University, Bengaluru. "It is about

building knowledge and skills that will be useful in all kinds of careers that the students choose to opt for in the future."

High fees

Liberal arts education is still considered

the province of the elite in India, mainly

because that structure of choice and

in private universities. Only the very

well-heeled can afford the high fee of

liberal arts education, even teachers

from the institutions agreed. Plus, the

admission process itself favours rich

and English-speaking students

flexibility is offered, for the most part,

In India, liberal arts education comes at a high cost. Typically, students can earn a BA (Honours) or BSc (Honours) degree after a four-year programme, with the option to exit at the end of the third year with a BA or BSc. The total cost in a year can range from Rs 3 lakh to over Rs 10 lakh.

University	Tuition per annum (Rs lakh)	Living expenses (Rs lakh)	Total expense in a year (Rs lakh)	
Ashoka University, Sonipat	9.74	1.91	11.65	
Krea University, Sricity	8.15	2	10.15	
FLAMES University, Pune	7.95	1.80	9.75	
OP Jindal Global University, Sonipat	6	3.10	9.10	
BML Munjal University, Gurgaon	5.50	2.15	7.65	
Symbiosis International (Deemed University), Pune	4.90	2.70	7.6	
Ahmedabad University	4.60	1.15	5.75	
SRM University, Andhra Pradesh	2.50	2.23	4.73	
Alliance University, Bengaluru	3.25	1 1 1 1	4.25	
RV University, Bengaluru	2.40	2	4.40	
Chandigarh University, Punjab	1.11	1.98	3.09	

Source: Official websites of the universities